Table 4

 Normative Reference t-scores by Employment Status

Employment Status	Норе	Self- Reflection	Self-Clarity	Visioning	Goal Setting and Planning	Implementing	Adapting	HAI Total
Unemployed, not looking for work	50.52	51.51	49.78	49.68	48.58	46.58	50.91	50.02
	<u>+</u> 9.71	±10.20	<u>+</u> 9.67	±10.53	±10.20	±10.86	<u>+</u> 8.98	±10.16
Unemployed, looking for work	47.76	53.27	47.34	49.21	47.63	46.95	50.28	47.63
	<u>±</u> 10.32	<u>+</u> 9.46	<u>+</u> 9.80	±11.30	±10.18	<u>+</u> 9.64	±10.71	±10.18
Employed Part-Time	49.75	49.88	49.30	49.01	48.91	49.28	49.43	49.16
	<u>+</u> 8.38	±10.36	<u>+</u> 9.81	<u>+</u> 10.10	±10.07	<u>+</u> 9.60	<u>+</u> 10.63	<u>+</u> 9.17
Employed Full-Time	50.33	49.27	50.62	50.42	50.87	50.72	49.95	50.47
	±10.33	<u>±</u> 9.86	±10.08	<u>+</u> 9.67	<u>+</u> 9.84	<u>+</u> 9.93	<u>+</u> 9.90	±10.14

*Note*. See Appendix A for the equation to calculate individual respondent *t*-scores. Scores above one standard deviation are considered objective strengths and scores below one standard deviation are considered objective weaknesses.